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The Morning Astorian.

VOL. LIV

ASTORIA, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1902.

NO. 130

Coronation Ties . . .

Not Carrie Nation, but Coronation Ties

These new ties are made of fine silk with any initial desired embroidered thereon and sell at 50 cents.

AS USUAL

Wise is the first to have the new things.
A, B, C to Z, only 50 cents.



WATERMAN'S IDEAL

The most perfect, practical and convenient Fountain Pen ever made
Every Pen Guaranteed
Money refunded if not satisfactory. Just the thing for every day use. Nothing more acceptable as a gift.

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TAILOR MADE PANTS

LATEST STYLES
NOBBIEST PATTERNS
EVERY PAIR PERFECT

See Our Window Display for
Samples of Elegant goods at
LOW PRICES

SWEATERS

We Have Them in Every Variety,
Style, Kind and Color
At the Leading Clothing House of

P. A. STOKES

TIDE TURNED IN FURNISH'S FAVOR

Up to 2 O'clock This Morning It Looked as if He Was Winner.

THEN TIDE TURNED AGAIN

Probable Majority of Republican State Ticket, Excepting Governor, 12,000.

PORTLAND, June 3.—(Special to the Daily Astorian.)—We have tabulated the following votes: For Furnish, Washington, 272; Clatsop, 100; Columbia, 200; Tillamook, 200; Lane, 150; Yamhill, 100; Clackamas, 300; Coos, 125; Crook, 150; Grant, 100; Klamath, 50; Lake, 125; Sherman, 250; Lincoln, 125; Josephine, 125; Benton, 20; Curry, 50; Gilliam, 50; Wasco, 125; Wheeler, 125. For Chamberlain: Polk, 120; Baker, 500; Umatilla, 250; Malheur, 100; Marion, 300; Harney, 125; Jackson, 50; Wallowa, 150; Union, 450; Douglas, 200. This is the total vote without Multnomah, giving Furnish a majority of 262.

PORTLAND, June 3.—(Special to the Daily Astorian.)—Full returns in 32 precincts in Multnomah county give Furnish 3088; Chamberlain 2384.

PORTLAND, June 3.—(Special to the Daily Astorian.)—Returns from 28 counties, and from 43 precincts of Multnomah County, give Chamberlain 371 majority. Curry, Grant, Harney and Malheur counties to hear from, estimated 15 majority for Chamberlain. Twenty-seven precincts of Multnomah County to hear from may reduce Chamberlain's majority slightly. Thirty-five out of 57 precincts in City of Portland give Williams, for mayor, 722 majority.

PORTLAND, June 3.—Incomplete returns from every county in the state reduce the Democratic majority for governor, and Chamberlain now leads Furnish by only 500. Complete returns may wipe out Chamberlain's lead.

PORTLAND, June 3.—Practically complete returns from 28 out of 33 counties in the state, and estimated majorities in five remaining counties, give Chamberlain, for governor, 128 majority. It now appears that it will require complete returns to decide the governorship and the result may not be known for several days. Entire Republican ticket, with exception of governor, is elected by from 7000 to 12,000. Legislature will probably stand as follows:

Senate—Republicans, 40; Democrats, 50. On joint ballot, Republicans, 60; Democrats, 30. George H. Williams will have at least 500 majority for mayor of Portland.

PORTLAND, June 4.—Latest returns from Multnomah County give Chamberlain less than 500 majority. This indicates the election of Chamberlain by between 750 and 1000.

CLATSOP COUNTY. The election turned out in Clatsop

County about as stated in yesterday's Astorian. While it was thought yesterday morning that the Republicans had lost only one candidate, Mr. Scherneckau, and it was known that three others had close calls, there being Mr. Linville for sheriff, Judge Gray for county judge, and Mr. Hellborn for treasurer, but all three of these pulled through by close majorities, except Judge Gray, whom it is now thought is defeated; in fact, his friends concede his defeat.

All of the outside precincts are in, and all of the votes in Astoria are also in. The results of Vesper precinct could not be obtained, as the returns came sealed and no outside statement was given. The vote is very small at that place, and conceding any of the defeated candidates all of the votes of that precinct would not change the results as stated in the foregoing.

General good will prevailed over the results and the fellows who had the "last laugh," enjoyed their laugh, and the other fellow took his medicine gracefully. There is very little ill-feeling over the matter, and in a few days Astoria will settle down to business with all of the good fellowship that would have prevailed if there had been no election.

The tabulated statement herewith published on 4th page by courtesy of the Evening News will not be for different from the official count.

There were no developments in the anthracite coal miners strike today. Mineworkers tried hard to bring out additional engines, firemen and pump runners, and the companies were equally in earnest in their efforts to hold employes that have been loyal to them. The union succeeded in getting out quite a number of men.

One or two collieries were compelled to shut down their pumps because of a lack of men, but in all other cases the operators were able to fill vacancies by drawing on the reserve forces of the office and other employes.

The entire coal belt remains comparatively quiet, although disturbances of minor nature are becoming more frequent.

IN MISSOURI. PITTSBURG, Kas., June 2.—Miners of Missouri and Kansas again failed in their efforts today to arrange conference with the operators. The conference will be continued tomorrow.

TAFI MEETS RAMPOLLA. Harmony in Question Between Government and Catholics in Philippines.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The first meeting of Governor Taft and Cardinal Rampolla was extremely cordial, says

a Rome correspondent to the Tribune. The Cardinal expressed his sympathy because of the indisposition of Governor Taft and his satisfactions at seeing him. They exchanged views as to the disposition of the work to be done for a friendly solution of the different religious questions in the Philippines instead of having recourse to the courts or other means which create friction and hostility either toward the church or the United States. Judge Taft added that he had no intention to oppose the Catholic Church and was sure that if the measures he proposed can be they will be adopted and prove advantageous also to the church. Cardinal Rampolla expressed the hope that the result of the conference will be profitable and of interest both to the church and to the United States. Governor Taft manifested a desire that the conference be so regulated as to allow him to take the steamer leaving Naples July 10, his passage already having been booked. Cardinal Rampolla answered that he would report immediately to the Pope who will fix an audience. This audience will probably take place on Thursday. Judge Taft will present to the pontiff a set of President Roosevelt's books enclosed in a rich case of white morocco with the arms of the Pope.

BASE BALL. AMERICAN LEAGUE. At Cleveland—Cleveland-Boston, rain game postponed. At Baltimore—Baltimore, 7; St. Louis, 6. At Washington—Detroit, 0; Washington, 2. At Philadelphia—Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 9.

NATIONAL LEAGUE. At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 2; Cincinnati, 1. At Boston—Boston, 9; St. Louis, 11. At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 3; Philadelphia, 4. At New York—Chicago, 12; New York, 4.

NORTHWEST LEAGUE. At Portland—Portland-Spokane game postponed. At Seattle—Seattle-Tacoma game postponed. At Butte—Butte, 5; Helena, 6.

THE WORLD'S TRADE BELONGS TO THE UNITED STATES AND GERMANY.

Says Privy Councillor Goldberg, of Berlin, Who Has Spent Eight Months Here.

NEW YORK, June 3.—Privy Councillor Goldberg, of Berlin, member of the Imperial German Consultative Board for Commercial Measures, will sail today for Europe after a stay of eight months in this country. He said:

"The impressions I have received in traveling from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast and visiting all the great centers of manufacturing works and commerce are almost overwhelming. Everywhere I found the giant strength of the nation. Crisis, however, will be unavoidable here, as well as in other highly developed countries. The large aggregation of enterprises, the financial foundation of which is often far from being sound; the power of the individual with the danger of such financial monarchies and the labor question in its economical and probable historical life of the country. But every storm here will pass away very quickly.

"The United States is a country of unlimited possibilities. The world's trade belongs to Germany and to the United States. They should not try to either Americanize or Germanize each other. The industries and commercial people of the two nations should become better acquainted with one another and should come nearer each other. There is no such thing as distance today. One must learn the other through a mutual exchange of working methods and commercial and industrial institutions, as far as they can be adapted to the peculiarities of the different nations and the conditions of the manufacturing plants. Each nation has its own excellencies. You excel in some things, and we in others. And so I am convinced that German and American interests far from being conflicting can become really harmonious."

WILD RIOTING IN CHICAGO

Police Put in the Day Battling With Strikers and Their Friends.

MANY PERSONS WOUNDED

Traffic Blockaded and Men Stubborn as Beasts—Ranks of Strikers Are Increasing Daily.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Chicago police were given strenuous life today by striking packing house, teamsters. From daylight this morning until long after dark tonight, bluecoats were kept busy dispersing trouble-makers, who congregated along the streets and in every conceivable manner placed obstacles in the way of meat-dealers who endeavored to move the supply wagons with non-union drivers. In spite of strikers and their friends 33 wagon loads of meat were delivered from the stockyards to down town stations. Before the task was accomplished, however, a score of policemen and rioters had been injured and fully 30 persons placed under arrest. Several of the injured were in such serious condition that they were taken to hospitals. Two of the injured may die.

When processions of wagons left the packing house district they were guarded by heavy details of police. Policemen drew clubs and after a hard struggle scattered the mob that gathered by the hundreds to hinder the progress of the wagons, and then a fresh start was made, but before the wagons reached the down town district the mob augmented by hundreds of sympathizers, made another attack. In the fight that followed revolvers were drawn. No person was shot, the police instead using their clubs indiscriminately, and a dozen or more persons were hurt before the march could be resumed. When the central portion of the city was reached clashes between the police and crowd became numerous. Street car traffic was an impossibility and it was necessary for several squads of police to charge crowds with batons before the wagons had reached various down town houses. To add to the burdens of the police department 1300 deliverers and helpers employed by the State street general retail merchandise department stores went on a strike today.

An attempt was made to deliver "department store" goods in down town districts this afternoon with non-union drivers under police protection, but so much disorder prevailed that the attempt proved futile. Before the project was abandoned, several rioters were hurt and many arrests were made.

PRICE OF SILVER. NEW YORK, June 3.—Silver, '2.

COMMENTS ON BOER PEACE

Some Who Have Penalties to Pay May Be Provided for Here.

REBELS MAY BE AMNESTED

Though 12,000 to 15,000 Rebels Will Be Disfranchised for Their Action in the Mattee.

NEW YORK, June 3.—As a result of the penalty which the Cape Colony Boers, who assisted the Boers of the South African Republic and Orange Free State may be called upon to pay by the terms of the peace agreement, an effort may be made to find homes for some of them in the United States. W. D. Snyman of Cape Colony, who fought with the Boers and who has been speaking in the United States for Boer cause during the past year, said regarding the terms of surrender:

"The Colonial Boers are to be punished. I am a Colonial Boer, born a British subject and am liable to imprisonment for from five to ten years if the terms as published are correct. I am acquainted with President Roosevelt and shall see if there is not a way for some of our people to come to this country. I think there is great opportunity for us here. There are few here now, but in Portugal there are a good many colonials and they probably will not want to return to South Africa now. They are men well born. If the United States government would open the way they would be glad to settle in some state like New Mexico, Arizona, Texas or Colorado. They would make good citizens; no one would need to be ashamed of them. I shall use every effort to open the way to bring him here."

MR. CHAMBERLAIN. NEW YORK, June 3.—There is no mistaking that Colonial Secretary Joseph Chamberlain is now the dominant personality in the Unionist party. Says a London dispatch to the World, Arthur Balfour could scarcely conceal his chagrin at the significant ovation given the former when the commoner listened to the announcement of the Boer surrender. Still, on calm reflection the ministerial opinion as expressed in the lobby was that the Boers had got left little ground for acclaiming a British triumph. The reason given for the Boers' surrender of independence is that they are practically bankrupt and if they could prolong the war for two years more they still would be unable to reconstitute their states from the condition of ruin into which the devastation policy has landed them.

Great Britain now will provide the

(Continued on Page Four.)

The Eclipse Hardware Co.

Plumbers and Steamfitters.
Steam Boat and Gasoline
Boat Work a Specialty. . .
Stoves and Tinware

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